



## Citizenship – Answers

### How old do you need to be? – A version

1. a
2. b
3. c
4. b
5. a
6. a
7. c
8. b

Mistake	Correction
1. remembered	remember
2. identified	identify
3. realised	realise
4. got	get
5. send	sent
6. left	leave

### How old do you need to be? – B version

1. a
2. b
3. c
4. b
5. a
6. a
7. c
8. b

Mistake	Correction
1. remembered	remember
2. knew	know
3. send	sent
4. left	leave

### A fair cop

		True or False?
1.	A policeman can arrest you if they think you are about to commit an offence.	True
2.	An arrestable offence is anything the police think is wrong.	False
3.	Motoring offences cannot be tried in a Magistrates' Court.	False

4.	You only serve a suspended sentence if you commit another offence during a set period of time.	True
5.	'Binding over' means that the court pays the defendant if they commit another offence within a set period of time.	False

### Tough enough

Mistake	Correction
1. laws	law
2. intruders	intruder
3. year	years
4. sets	set
5. guideline	guidelines
6. moments	moment
7. homeowner	homeowners
8. burglar	burglars

### Your rights... as a consumer

Mistake	Correction
1. sail	sale
2. fare	fair
3. by	buy
4. too	to
5. Bee	Be
6. new	knew

### Road rage statistics

1. 90 people
2. 40 people
3. 46%
4. In a town
5. 37%
6. 14%
7. 1%
8. Ireland



## Anti-social behaviour

1. graffiti – drawing, painting, spray painting on property
2. harassment – continued pestering, nuisance, annoyance
3. racial – ethnic, cultural
4. vandalism – destruction of property
5. nuisance – pest, pain, irritant
6. threatening – intimidating, bullying, hostile, menacing
7. misuse – abuse
8. assault – physical attack, beating, stabbing, mugging

## Why vote?

As a UK citizen, you have the right to vote. Voting is one of the ways you can make your voice heard on issues that matter to you. By voting, you can tell your elected representatives what you think about the job they are doing.

Decisions are made on your behalf every day. These range from decisions on local issues like what is happening in your schools and colleges, to national issues like healthcare and education and global issues like defence and the environment. Voting allows people in many kinds of groups to decide who should make these decisions. It also allows them to choose which person or political party they feel should control their local council and central Government.

In order to vote you must be a British or European Citizen who is resident in the UK and on the Electoral Register. You can find out if you are on the electoral register by contacting your council's Electoral Services Office.

Unless you have asked for a postal vote, you will get a poll card with details of the voting date, times and place where you should go to vote. You must go to the polling station shown on your card. You cannot vote anywhere else. You must take your poll card with you when you go to vote. If you can't get to your polling station you might be able to post your vote or to give consent for someone else

(a proxy) to vote for you. You have to register for a postal or proxy vote with your local council. You can ask at your council's Electoral Services Office for an application form.

## A local government

1. True
2. False
3. False
4. False
5. True
6. False
7. True

## Parliament and all that – A version

1. Democracy
2. Election
3. Vote
4. Minister
5. Political
6. Majority
7. Turnout
8. Govern
9. Manage – run, handle, direct, supervise, control
10. Opinion – thought, view, belief, judgment, outlook
11. Candidate – applicant, contender, entrant, runner, nominee, contestant

## Parliament and all that – B version

1. House of Lords
2. laws
3. Vote
4. Minister
5. peer
6. seats
7. party
8. govern
9. Manage – run, handle, direct, supervise, control
10. Duty – obligation, responsibility, burden
11. Powerful – controlling, commanding, forceful.



## How the government spends its money

1. Two hundred billion pounds
2. £56 billion
3. Fifty-six billion pounds
4. £200 billion
5. £711 billion
6. Six hundred and seventy-nine billion

## If you see something happen...

If you witness a crime → always keep yourself out of danger.

Do not approach → the offender.

Try to remember as much → detail as possible.

If there is a phone you can use → you should call the police immediately.

If you are not near to a phone → go to where one will be.

Be clear when → speaking to the police.

When reporting an accident stay on the → line to be told what to do next.

Give your contact details in case the → emergency services need to know more.

## Charity begins at home – A version

Mistake	Correction
1. receeve	receive
2. exsiting	exciting
3.sponser	sponsor
4. droping	dropping
5. helth	health
6. leest	least
7. sentre	centre
8. genneral	general

## Charity begins at home – B version

Mistake	Correction
1. hav	have
2. waking	walking
3.sponser	sponsor
4. droping	dropping
5. helth	health
6. leest	least
7. sentre	centre
8. genneral	general

## Being a patient

1. Patients need to have good → relationships with their carers.
2. Patients need a way to → get the best from their doctors.
3. Patients receive little information or → guidance on how to relate to doctors.
4. Schools could teach children the → basics of being a patient and how illness affects the patient and the family.
5. Different patients have → different needs.

6. Patients who do not develop information → and communication skills could become the new patient underclass.

7. Some Health Centres have opened → cybercafés to teach patients how to access information and avoid misinformation.

8. Patients may be → afraid to ask questions.

## Local services – A version

1. You pay for the services you use.
2. Poor service can mean poor quality of life.
3. You don't need to be rude to make a good complaint.
4. Ask your neighbours to see if they are having the same problem.
5. It is very frustrating when nobody calls you back.
6. It is important to keep calm on the phone.
7. Your letter should be clear and to the point.
8. If visited by an official behave well no matter how angry you are.

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## Life skills



4. Ask your neighbours to see if they are having the same problem.
5. It is very frustrating when nobody calls you back.
6. It is important to keep calm on the phone.
7. It is a pain when nobody calls you back.
8. It is vital to keep calm on the phone.